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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/591,834	03/15/2007	Masanobu Akimoto	31671-235624	3085
26694	7590	07/07/2010		
VENABLE LLP P.O. BOX 34385 WASHINGTON, DC 20043-9998			EXAMINER GRUN, JAMES LESLIE	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1641	
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			07/07/2010 PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/591,834

Applicant(s)

AKIMOTO ET AL.

Examiner

JAMES L. GRUN

Art Unit

1641

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 07 April 2010.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 2,4,5,7,9-11,13 and 103-112 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) 2,4,5,7,9-11,13 and 106-111 is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☒ Claim(s) 104 is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 103,105 and 112 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☒ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☒ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☐ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application
- 6) ☐ Other: _____

The amendment filed 07 April 2010 is acknowledged and has been entered. Claims 2, 4, 5, 7, 9-11, 13, and 103-112 remain in the case. Claims 2, 4, 5, 7, 9-11, 13, and 106-111 have been withdrawn from further consideration as being drawn to a non-elected invention.

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. § 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

The specification is objected to under 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph, as failing to provide an adequate written description of the invention, and failing to adequately teach how to make and/or use the invention, i.e. failing to provide an enabling disclosure.

Claims 105 and 112 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph, for the reasons of record as set forth in the prior rejection of these claims wherein a deposit requirement was made for the antibodies designated PDOA1 and PDOA2, produced by hybridoma cell lines deposited as FERM BP-10275 and FERM BP-10276, respectively, and applicants were deemed not to be in compliance with the Deposit rules. The copies of the receipt forms sent by the International Depositary Authority attached to applicant's response filed 16 September 2009 are sufficient to show that viable cell lines were deposited under the terms of the Budapest Treaty. However, applicants have not provided the proper assurances that the cell lines will be irrevocably and without restriction or condition released to the public upon the issuance of a patent and that the cell lines will be replaced should they ever become non-viable. The copies of the receipt forms

are not sufficient for the above assurances which must come from applicant, the attorney of record, or assignee.

The specification is objected to and claims 105 and 112 are further rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph, as failing to provide an adequate written description of the invention and failing to provide an enabling disclosure, because the specification does not provide evidence that the claimed biological materials are: (1) known and readily available to the public; (2) reproducible from the written description; or, (3) deposited in compliance with the criteria set forth in 37 CFR §§ 1.801-1.809.

It is unclear if cell lines which produce antibodies having the exact chemical identity and properties of the antibodies designated PNOA1 and PNOA2, produced by hybridoma cell lines deposited as FERM BP-10265 and FERM BP-10266, respectively, are known and publicly available, or can be reproducibly isolated without undue experimentation. Accordingly, filing of evidence of the reproducible production of the cell lines and antibodies necessary to practice the instant invention or filing of evidence of deposit is required. Without a publicly available deposit of the above cell lines, one of skill in the art could not be assured of the ability to practice the invention as claimed. Exact replication of: the claimed cell line; the cell lines which produce the chemically and functionally distinct antibodies claimed; and/or, the claimed antibody's amino acid or nucleic acid sequence is an unpredictable event. For example, very different V_H chains can combine with the same V_L chain to produce antibody binding sites with nearly the same size, shape, antigen specificity, and affinity. A similar phenomenon can also occur when different V_H sequences combine with different V_L sequences to produce antibodies with very similar properties. These observations indicate that divergent variable region sequences, both in and out

of complementarity-determining regions, can be folded to form similar binding site contours, which result in similar immunochemical characteristics. Therefore, it would require undue experimentation to reproduce the claimed monoclonal antibody species chemically as produced by the hybridomas designated PNOA1 and PNOA2, deposited as FERM BP-10265 and FERM BP-10266, respectively. A suitable deposit of the hybridomas would satisfy the enablement requirements of 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph. See the criteria set forth in 37 CFR §§ 1.801-1.809.

If the deposits are made under the terms of the Budapest Treaty, then an affidavit or declaration by Applicant, or a statement by an attorney of record over his or her signature and registration number, stating that the specific biological materials have been deposited under the Budapest Treaty, that the biological materials will be irrevocably and without restriction or condition released to the public upon the issuance of a patent and that the biological materials will be replaced should they ever become non-viable, would satisfy the deposit requirement made herein.

If the deposits have not been made under the Budapest Treaty, then in order to certify that the deposits meet the criteria set forth in 37 CFR §§ 1.801-1.809, applicant may provide assurance of compliance by an affidavit or declaration, or by a statement by an attorney of record over his or her signature and registration number, showing that:

- (a) during the pendency of this application, access to the invention will be afforded to the Commissioner upon request;
- (b) all restrictions upon availability to the public will be irrevocably removed upon granting of the patent;
- (c) the deposits will be maintained in a public depository for a period of 30 years or 5 years after the last request or for the effective life of the patent, whichever is longer;
- (d) the deposits were viable at the time of deposit; and,
- (e) the deposits will be replaced if they should ever become non-viable.

Moreover, applicant is also reminded that information regarding the deposits, such as the date(s) of the deposits and accession numbers, **must** be present in the application. The examiner requests clarification as to the deposit date and accession numbers of the hybridomas designated

PNOA1 and PNOA2 as two dates and two accession numbers appear to be disclosed for each in paragraph [0042].

Applicant's arguments filed 07 April 2010 have been fully considered but they are not deemed to be persuasive.

Notwithstanding applicant's assertions to the contrary, the examiner did not allege that the deposits of hybridoma cell lines FERM BP-10275 and FERM BP-10276, producing the antibodies designated PDOA1 and PDOA2, respectively, do not fulfill the terms of the Budapest Treaty. As set forth, a suitable deposit of the hybridomas in compliance with all the criteria set forth in 37 CFR §§ 1.801-1.809 was required.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. § 103 which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

(c) Subject matter developed by another person, which qualifies as prior art only under one or more subsections (e), (f) and (g) of section 102 of this title, shall not preclude patentability under this section where the subject matter and the claimed invention were, at the time the invention was made, owned by the same person or subject to an obligation of assignment to the same person.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. § 103, the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 C.F.R. § 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of potential 35 U.S.C. § 102(f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. § 103.

Claim 103 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over the combined teachings of Narita et al. (JP 2002-253230), in view of the JPO machine translation, Kilshaw et

al. (Clin. Exp. Immunol. 66: 481, 1986), and Mine et al. (J. Agric. Food Chem. 50: 2679, 2002) for reasons of record in the prior rejection of the similar subject matter of this claim.

Applicant's arguments filed 07 April 2010 have been fully considered but they are not deemed to be persuasive.

Applicant urges that Narita et al. do not teach use of antibodies specific for native and denatured allergens together, in a single sandwich assay. This is not found persuasive because applicant is arguing a limitation not found in the invention as instantly claimed. Running assays on a single sample with separate solid phases, such as microtiter plates, having different antibodies thereon, or with a single solid phase with different antibodies in different discrete areas, such as different wells of a same microtiter plate, at the same time is routine and conventional in the art. Notwithstanding applicant's assertions to the contrary there is nothing found in the invention as instantly claimed which limits the first antibodies as bound to the same insolubilized carrier or to the same area on a single carrier. Indeed, applicant's response at page 15 indicates that one or more insoluble carriers are intended as encompassed.

Applicant urges that Kilshaw et al. do not teach assays as instantly claimed. This is not found persuasive because the reference is not being relied upon for assay design, merely for the availability of paired monoclonal antibodies specific for two different epitopes in either native or denatured ovalbumin.

Notwithstanding applicant's assertions to the contrary, applicant's amendments have not obviated rejections under this statute for the reasons set forth above.

Claim 104, appearing to use a single test strip for the four antibodies, is currently free of the prior art and allowable.

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR § 1.136(a).

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY TO THIS FINAL ACTION IS SET TO EXPIRE **THREE MONTHS** FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS ACTION. IN THE EVENT A FIRST REPLY IS FILED WITHIN **TWO MONTHS** OF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS FINAL ACTION AND THE ADVISORY ACTION IS NOT MAILED UNTIL AFTER THE END OF THE **THREE-MONTH** SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD, THEN THE SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD WILL EXPIRE ON THE DATE THE ADVISORY ACTION IS MAILED, AND ANY EXTENSION FEE PURSUANT TO 37 C.F.R. § 1.136(a) WILL BE CALCULATED FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THE ADVISORY ACTION. IN NO EVENT WILL THE STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY EXPIRE LATER THAN **SIX MONTHS** FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS FINAL ACTION.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to James L. Grun, Ph.D., whose telephone number is (571) 272-0821. The examiner can normally be reached on weekdays from 11 a.m. to 7 p.m.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mark Shibuya, SPE, can be contacted at (571) 272-0806.

The phone number for official facsimile transmitted communications to TC 1600, Group 1640, is (571) 273-8300.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application, or requests to supply missing elements from Office communications, should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (571) 272-1600.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/J. L. G./
James L. Grun, Ph.D.
Examiner, Art Unit 1641
July 6, 2010

/Mark L. Shibuya/
Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1641